





At Caversham Valley Primary, we acknowledge and recognise that positive relationships are a key influence on behaviour. All CVPS students and staff are expected to display the following values:

We are safe, we are respectful, we are responsible, we are kind and we are learners.

Positive actions- all staff	<ul> <li>Use of CMS behaviour management responses         <ul> <li>Low Key Skills</li> <li>bump flow chart</li> <li>behaviour referral flow chart.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Fortnightly PBS lessons based on the data informed Behaviour focus areas.         <ul> <li>Taught with a buddy class at the commencement of the fortnight (Mon/Tues)</li> <li>Reinforced in Morning Meetings throughout the fortnight</li> </ul> </li> <li>Explicitly acknowledge positive behaviour using the language of the Behaviour Matrix.         <ul> <li>Dojo's inside learning areas</li> <li>Tokens outside learning areas</li> </ul> </li> <li>Accurately recording of Bumps into dojo</li> <li>Incorporate Zones of Regulation throughout the school to explicitly teach and model co-regulation and support student self-regulation.</li> <li>Implement Grow Your Mind character strength lesson alongside PBS lesson each fortnight</li> <li>Whole school focus on engagement strategies and student wellbeing.</li> <li>Recognise and value cultural and linguistic diversity</li> <li>Each classroom has PBS clearly displayed, including:         <ul> <li>Behaviour Matrix</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	o PBS mascots
	<ul> <li>Fortnight focus</li> <li>Acknowledgement menu</li> </ul>
Principal and Deputy Principals	<ul> <li>Maintain &amp; support the Behaviour Support team.</li> <li>Ensure consistency in the implementation and maintenance of the behaviour management procedures including referral and communication systems.</li> <li>Provide a link between community, parents and staff.</li> <li>Support teachers and staff with implementation.</li> <li>Co-design behaviour plans and programs for individual students when required utilising external supports such as SSEN:BE &amp; SSEN:D.</li> <li>Ensure that positive behaviour management, relationships, belonging and well-being are at the forefront of all decisions and whole school procedures.</li> <li>Use restorative questioning approach. See questions in the appendices.</li> <li>Engage in continued researched and alignment of best behaviour support and wellbeing practices with school planning and focus.</li> <li>Utilise behaviour data to inform school decision making.</li> <li>Support staff to access professional learning in behaviour, engagement and wellbeing.</li> </ul>

## **Teachers and Support staff** Incorporate relationship building skills including the morning meeting, CMS winning over & Low-Key responses and following support programs where applicable and in the best interest of the students Develop warm, trusting, respectful relationships. Maintain the dignity & rights of the students. Develop and maintain positive classroom environments including incorporating consistent routines & procedures. Display and explicitly teach, reinforce, redirect and reteach whole school expectations according to the Behaviour Matrix, providing explicit feedback to students. Explicitly teach the Zones of Regulation strategies and incorporate the ZOR into daily practice. Document student behaviour and strategies used in a timely manner. Utilise this data for discussions with Principal, Administration team, Parent/Caregiver and external agencies where required. Uphold and model the wholes chool PBS values Model respectful, courteous and honest behaviour. Ensure the environment is cared for and is kept safe for all. Integrate restorative practices using questioning techniques (see appendix) Be aware of own emotions and reactions to behaviour. See staff questions in appendices. Develop in collaboration with SEN coordinator and implement Individual Behaviour Management Plans where needed to support a tiered approach Engage in continued research and alignment of best behaviour support practices with school planning and focus. Encouraging student voice- interests, strengths, abilities, opinions and providing choice. Celebrate success! Acknowledgment/ • Free & Frequent: Individual Explicit feedback using PBS terminology and dojo point awarded encouragement system (token given in playground). Student individual reward from menu Class & short term: Whole Class o Based on class dojo. Class selects reward activity Long and Strong: Whole school Students to be surveyed by student counsellors on reward for long & strong to gain student voice The idea of being socially aware and generous by paying it forward, this links to circle of courage as students see that their choices affect not just themselves but others. **TICK roster procedures & Recess and Lunch Eating Expectations** 1. We move quickly and calmly to our eating area. guidelines 2. We sit down to eat. 3. We talk in a friendly quiet manner to our friends. 4. We only eat our own food. 5. We take home what we haven't eaten. 6. We make sure the area is tidy. 7. We move calmly to class when dismissed.

Behaviour Matrix	Whole school co-designed behaviour matrix is displayed and referred to in all classes and learning areas.     Explicit lessons created from the matrix based on whole school data. See lesson schedule.
Playground & game expectations	All students are explicitly taught the CVPS game expectations (rules of the game) and appropriate use of playground equipment.
Restorative practices	Restorative practices centre around a set of key questions that help children think about their behaviour and understand how they can correct it:
	What happened?
	<ul><li>What nappened?</li><li>What were you thinking and feeling at the time?</li></ul>
	What were you thinking and reclining at the time:     What have you thought about it since?
	<ul> <li>Who has been affected and in what way?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>How could things have been done differently?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>What do you think needs to happen to make things right?</li> </ul>
	Ensure that our lines of communication are clear, open and honest yet respectful, understanding and always with the student and positive relationship as the focus.
Staff Questions	<ul> <li>Based on Therapeutic Intervention in schools (TCIS) staff questions to support de-escalation or increase student and staff safety.</li> <li>What am I feeling now?</li> <li>What does this young person feel, need or want?</li> <li>How is the environment affecting the young person?</li> <li>How do I best respond?</li> </ul>
Tiered approach	Tier one universal PBS & ZOR Tier 2 & Tier 3 See Intervention Policy. Support accessed with SEN coordinator, Positive Behaviour support leader and Education School Psychologist.
Community Engagement	Parent information sessions held Fortnightly connect notice focusing on specific identified behaviour focus and some ideas for practice at home. Website and newsletter information PBS magnets sent home to all families

#### **Good Standing**

The processes embedded within good standing requirements are underpinned by the following **key principles of restorative practice**:

- Positive interpersonal relationships
- A culture of care supporting all individuals in the school community.
- Cultural receptiveness and responsiveness to create learning communities of mutual respect and inclusion.
- A restorative approach which leads to individuals taking responsibility for their own behaviour.

Good Standing is recognition of students who meet behavioural expectations at Caversham Valley Primary.

All students commence with Good Standing status. Good Standing entitles students to participate in all school-based activities.

#### **Loss of Good Standing:**

- Major breach of school behaviour expectations
- At the discretion of the Principal or Principal's delegate
- Start a fight, video, photograph, share or promote violence
- Make physical contact with the intent to harm another student or staff member through physical contact

Students who do not have Good Standing Status are not able to attend non-curricula activities such as school camp, reward activities and sporting events.

#### Re-instate good standing

- All students will regain good standing at the beginning of each term.
- Implement a restorative and educative return process to re-establish
  positive behaviour. This may include an individual behaviour plan focusing
  on the identified areas for improvement
- Re-instate a student's good standing after such period as decided by the Principal.

### It is important to note that these are guidelines and if:

- There are extenuating circumstances that have resulted in negative behaviours;
- A student has special needs;
- There is a significant period of positive behaviour since the previous negative behaviour

Then these factors will be taken into account and any decision to withdraw, maintain or reinstate "good standing" will be at the discretion of the Principal.

## **Appendix List**

Matrix	i	PBS whole school Matrix
Bumps	ii	Flowchart of responses
Acknowledgement	iii	Acknowledgement & reward menu for
		<ul><li>Free &amp; Frequent</li><li>Whole class</li></ul>
		Long & strong (whole school)
Low Key Skills	iv	CVPS Low Key Skills to be used every day in every classroom to quickly and quietly support positive behaviour.
Minor, major & consequences	V	Minor, major and consequence flow chart
Visit the class	vi	Visit the class form to support early intervention, circuit breaker and student self-regulation.
Student referral form	Vii	linked to major and minor referral forms

## i) PBS Whole School Matrix

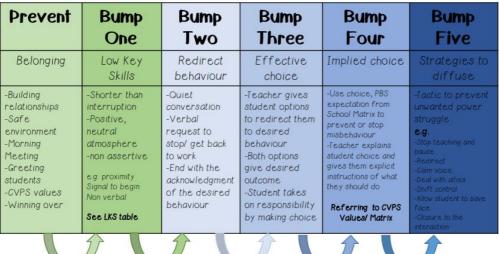
### Caversham Valley PS Positive Behaviour Support Matrix





## ii) <u>Bumps</u>

## Caversham Valley Flowchart of Responses





at each stage of the BUMP ensure that you are explicitly teaching and re teaching the CVPS Values. This can be through the use of instructional skills

## iii) Acknowledgement Menu for Rewards



#### PBS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT MENU











#### FREE AND FREQUENT

- Help in another class (e.g. big kids to ECE)
- Teacher's chair
- Teacher's chair during mat time
- 15mins outside time on own or with a friend (in sight of teacher)
- 15mins free writing or drawing/colouring in
- Choose the brain breaks for the day
- Play a board/card game with a friend (15mins)
- Bring in a desk buddy for the day (A4 size)
- 15mins tech time
- Sit with a friend for the day
- Sit with the teacher/sit at the teacher's desk (day/lesson)
- · Special news
- 15mins Minecraft Education
- Shoes off inside for the day

### **SHORT TERM**

- Extra outdoor play time (30mins)
- Extra sport (sport hour)
- · Robotics hour
- 1hr Free time
- Art & craft box
- · Board game box
- Disco party/Dance battle
- · Library time
- Outdoor learning session
- · Teddy Bear picnic
- Desk buddy day
- Movie
- Lunch in the classroom with the teacher
- Class verse admin/teacher game
- Choose the class layout for the day/session
- Whole day no shoes (inside only)

### **LONG AND STRONG**

- · Costume day
- Waterplay afternoon (Term 4 only)
- PJ Day
- · Free dress day
- Play a fun game or do an activity with buddy class
- Whole school movie in the u/c area (split into year groups/ Phases)
- Extra recess or lunch time (15mins extra play)
- · Crazy hair day
- · Crazy sock day

EVERY 50 INDIVIDUAL DOJO POINTS

EVERY 1000 WHOLE CLASS DOJO POINTS

WHEN ALL CLASSES HAVE REACHED SHORT TERM TARGET

## iv) Low Key Skills

# Caversham Valley

## Low Key Skills

Low key skills are Skills used to prevent and/or respond to unproductive behaviours. At this level the teacher takes responsibility for managing behaviour while continuing to teach.

#### Definition

- The things that teachers say and/or do to prevent or respond to unproductive behaviour when it first occurs Rationale
  - Used to quickly and efficiently control or defuse a problem with a minimum of fuss and without interrupting the flow of the lesson.

#### Attributes

- They generally involve non or minimal verbal responses
- They do not stop the flow of the lesson quick/quiet.
- They do not invite escalation they have low emotional content.



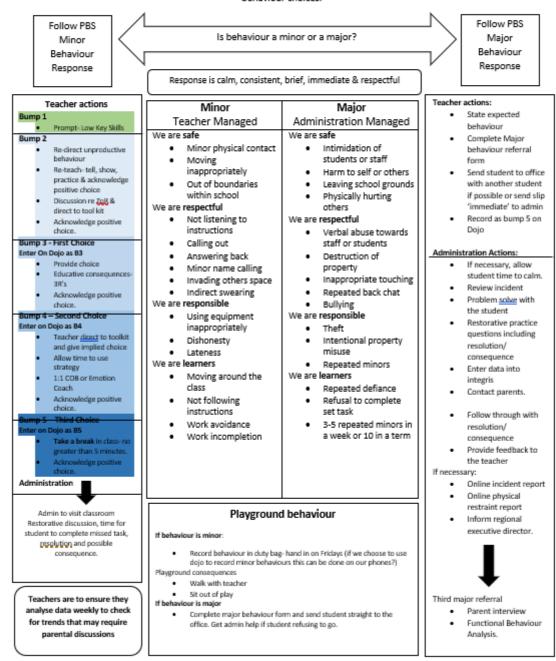
Skill	Definition	Rational	Nuance
Active scan	When an educator monitors student behaviour	By positioning to achieve maximum visual overview of the students you can be continually aware of student behaviour. This allows you to pick up unproductive behaviour before it builds to obvious levels.	Use continuously
The Look	The deliberate use of extended eye contact towards a specific student	Eye contact with the student that conveys your awareness of their behaviour and a message to stop. Can be combined with a non verbal gesture to enhance communication.	Use as soon as an unproductive behaviour occurs. May be used with different levels of intent. Avoid the stare.
Proximity	Moving around the room during a task to prevent or respond to unproductive behaviour.	Moving near students increases the chances that they will participate. Position yourself near the students most likely to demonstrate unproductive behaviour, OR move towards the students who are demonstrating off task behaviour.	Use calm and neutral body language. It is often combined with scanning. Be aware of personal space.
Non-Verbal	Use of gestures to communicate that a behaviour is unproductive.	Use a gesture to communicate to a student that the behaviour is unproductive or required behaviour in a way that causes minimal disruption to the lesson. It does not encourage the student to verbally respond and avoids confrontation.	Use as soon as an unproductive behaviour occurs. Student needs to be looking at the educator.
Minimal Verbal	As few words as possible communicating that a behaviour is unproductive.	Select no more than 3 words to say to the student to bring the students attention to their behaviour. Can be used with a Look and a Non Verbal to enhance communication.	Use as soon as an unproductive behaviour occurs. Be aware of the power of intonation and syllable emphasis.
Pause	An intentional pause during verbal instructions or discussion.	The pause signals to the student the educator is aware of unproductive or disruptive behaviour. It also communicates the appropriate	Use as soon as an unproductive behaviour occurs. Can be used in combination with another

		behaviour to listen attentively. It does not encourage the student to verbally respond and avoids confrontation.	Low Key Skill for emphasis.
Planned Ignore	Withholding visual and verbal cues to intentionally ignore unproductive behaviour.	The educator intentionally ignores a behaviour which is not impacting on the lesson to maintain the lesson flow. The educator actively responds to appropriate behaviour when the student is being productive.	Only useful if the behaviour is not interfering with the learning of others.
Responding to Appropriate Behaviour	The public or private positive acknowledgement of a specific appropriate behaviour to reinforce that behaviour.	Use a friendly and encouraging tone, let the student know that they are displaying appropriate behaviour.	Especially useful if a student rarely demonstrates the appropriate behaviour.
Modelling to Appropriate Behaviour	The public, positive acknowledgement of a specific appropriate behaviour of a student or group of students to influence the behaviours of others.	Friendly and encouraging tone. Overt use of voice so that other students hear it	The difference between the responding and modelling is in the educator's intent.
Problem Not the Student	The educator focuses on the student behaviour rather than on student intentions or student personality traits.	Usually an action or minimal verbal request responding to a physical behaviour, e.g. "Phone Please"	As soon as the unproductive behaviour occurs
Deal with Allies	The use of a Low Key Skill with one or more students who become involved in an intervention with another student.	Neutralise the involvement of other students who seek to prolong or escalate an initial disruption. It reduces the chance that the situation will spread or escalate and helps maintain positive cohesion.	Use low key skills to reduce interference before continuing with the original student. Say thank you once the ally has stopped and return to the original student.
Signal to Begin	A routine sequence of educators' behaviours that results in whole class attention on the educator • The cue/ countdown • Pause • Active Scan • Low Key Skills • Thank you	By efficiently bringing a class to quiet the educator is reducing the opportunity for unproductive student behaviour.	May be used at the start of an instruction or whenever the class is off task and needs to be refocused.
Transition	A sequence of educator behaviours that increase the chance that student behaviour is orderly and efficient. It usually involves three components.	Anytime student movement is required.	When - What - Who
Restore-The come on back	An intentional action of the educator to promote positive participation of a student who has been prompted in response to unproductive behaviour.	It resets a positive tone and focuses on appropriate behaviour.  Positive encouragement question (focus on learning)  Non-verbal (thumbs Up)  Minimal verbal (thank you)  Response to Appropriate Behaviour	Acknowledge positive behaviour as soon as it occurs to restore positive cohesion

## v) <u>Behaviour Referral Process</u>

#### Student Behaviour Referral Process

Misbehaviour requires feedback and should be viewed as a teaching opportunity- a chance to clarify and re-teach expectations. Responses such as prompt, re-direct, re-teach, provide choice with educative consequences and restorative questioning will support students with understanding their behaviour choices.



## vi) Visit our classroom form

Please visit our class in: Immediately

**Admin Action** 

Admin name:

Class:

<b>□</b> The nex	t 5 mins					
■The nex	t 30 mins					
<b>■</b> This sess	sion					
me:						
Room			Date			Cavershar Valley
Room Location (circle):  Classroom					Music room	
Room Location (circle):	Referri	ing Staff name:		Undercover	Music	Yalley PRIMARY Science
Location (circle):  Classroom  Amphitheatre & Alcove  Reason for referr	ECE PG Fitness & Cricket nets	Kooyar PG  Basketball courts	Djaril Grass Oval	Undercover Area Eat Area circle # 1, 2, 3, 4	Music room	Science room
Location (circle):  Classroom  Amphitheatre & Alcove	ECE PG Fitness & Cricket nets	Kooyar PG  Basketball courts	Djaril Grass Oval	Undercover Area Eat Area circle # 1, 2, 3, 4	Music room	Science room

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